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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/832,709	32,709 04/11/2001 Karla E. Williams		460.2050USU	1658
Charles N.J. Ruggiero, Esq. Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle, L.L.P. One Landmark Square, 10th Floor Stamford, CT 06901-2682			EXAMINER	
			STEPHENS, JACQUELINE F	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			3761	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/31/2008	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/832,709	WILLIAMS ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		

Jac	cqueline F. Stephens	3761	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE REPLY FILED <u>08 December 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PLICATION IN CONDITION FO	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the application, applicant must timely file one of the following repli application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR periods:	same day as filing a Notice of A es: (1) an amendment, affidavit with appeal fee) in compliance v	Appeal. To avoid abandonment of the control of the	ne
a) $\boxtimes$ The period for reply expires $3$ months from the mailing date of the	e final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisor no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). Of MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).	han SIX MONTHS from the mailing NNLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection. FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TV	ΝO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on w have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shorteset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on and the corresponding amount c ened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee nally set in the final Office action; or (2)	e as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliant filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	n thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since	
<del></del>	prior to the data of filing a brief	will not be entered because	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but p</li> <li>They raise new issues that would require further consider (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);</li> </ol>			
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better for appeal; and/or	orm for appeal by materially red	lucing or simplifying the issues for	
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corre NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	esponding number of finally reje	cted claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. S	See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324)	
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		riphant, monament (* 19292).	
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowa non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendment canceling the	e
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) very how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an explanation of	
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but bef because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and suf was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			d
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a No entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overd showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and</li> </ol>	ome <u>all</u> rejections under appea d was not earlier presented. Se	I and/or appellant fails to provide a se 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).	
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	the status of the claims after en	itry is below or attached.	
11.  The request for reconsideration has been considered but does See Continuation Sheet.	es NOT place the application in	condition for allowance because:	
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (PTC</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	D/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Jacqueline F Stephens/ Primary Examiner, Art U		

Continuation of 11. does not place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 12/8/08 have been fully considered and are not persuasive. Applicant argues Hirschman/Bernardin does not teaches the claimed inner and outer layers where the inner layer comprises one or more malodor counteractant materials incorporated therein and the outer layers provide a cross-pad configuration. Applicant argues Hirschman does not provide a layered structured, but rather element 14, which the Examiner has designated as the inner layer are grooves cut into the absorbent material. However, claim 1 does not require the layers are separate layers; therefore, the grooves 14 can function as an inner layer and the portions 11/12 as the outer layer as broadly as claimed. The layers 14 and 11/12 provide the claimed malodor counteractant and cross-configuration, respectively. Applicant further argues Bernardin does not disclose the recited .01 grams and about 0.12 grams of malodor counteractant, but rather Bernardin teaches as much as 6 milligrams of perfume oil. However, Bernardin teaches a sufficient amount of malodor counteractant to be effective. The examiner maintains that one having ordinary skill in the art would be able to determine through routine experimentation the amount of additive necessary for achieving optimal odor removal.

In response to applicant's argument that one would not combine the teachings of Hirschman and Bernardin as Hirschman discloses a deodorant in a groove on an end of a tampon and Bernardin teaches a perfume in a pre-formed cavity at the tampon base; and the argument that Petrus does not cure the deficiencies of the above combined references, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).